## **Native Bees of Kansas**

When you think of bees, you probably think of hives with hundreds of individuals living together as a colony. But, did you know that most bees live alone? In fact, only around 5% of bee species live in large groups. Nesting in solitary bees most commonly occurs in bare soil burrows, crevices of wood or rock, or excavated cavities in stems or branches.

## What can you do to help?

Nest Type	Nesting Needs	What You Can Do
Ground nesting	<ul> <li>Soil surface access</li> <li>Dry areas with ample sunlight and sparse vegetation</li> <li>Somewhat sloped ground</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Leave a sunny area of your garden or lawn bare, dry, and undisturbed</li> <li>Leave grass to prevent erosion</li> <li>Limit use of herbicide and pesticide near the area</li> </ul>
Cavity nesting	<ul> <li>Pre-excavated holes in wood</li> <li>Hollow twigs or vines</li> <li>Rotting logs and tree stumps</li> <li>Nearby water source</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Create a wood pile in an area near flowering plants</li> <li>Plant species such as raspberry, dogwood, or elderberry for pithy stems (cut back stems each year to make access easier for bees)</li> <li>Build bee hotels (see resources)</li> </ul>

## Resources

For more information on native bees and building bee hotels visit the Xerces Society at www.xerces.org



